Purification, Ethics and Karma in Early Buddhist Discourse

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lecture 5

review MĀ 8

1st sun: trees dry up

2nd sun: rivulets dry up

3rd sun: rivers dry up

4th sun: springs of great rivers dry up

5th sun: water of ocean dries up

6th sun: earth smokes 7th sun: earth on fire

Sunetta taught path to heavenly rebirth Tathāgata teaches path to liberation

"purification"

- 1) "by oneself one is purified ... one may not purify another" Dhp 165
- 2) "by developing the path to awakening morality, concentration and wisdom I have attained supreme purity" SN I 103
- 3) four purifications of a gift in the *Dakkhiṇāvibhaṅga-sutta* MN III 256
- 4) purity and recital of *pātimokkha* Vin I 103

- 5) purity and teaching the Dharma SN II 199
- 6) purifying the mind from the hindrances e.g. DN I 71
- 7) purifying the ear/eye required for the divine ear/eye MN I 34/35
- 8) "direct path to purification of beings" satipaṭṭhāna, MN I 55 four limbs of stream-entry, SN V 392 four purities, AN II 195 six recollections. AN III 314
- 9) "All conditioned things are impermanent/dukkha/not-self ... this is the path to purity"

 Dhp 277-279
- 10) "by wisdom one is purified" SN I 214

MĀ 9 – Discourse on Seven Chariots (Parallel to the *Rathavinīta-sutta*, MN 24 / MN I 146)

- 1) having few wishes and being contented,
- 2) living in seclusion,
- 3) being energetic,
- 4) having right mindfulness,
- 5) having mental one-pointedness,
- 6) having wisdom,
- 7) having destroyed the taints,
- 8) exhorting, inspiring, and fully delighting [others],

MN 24:

few wishes (= 1) contented (= 1) secluded (= 2) not socializing (\neq) energetic (= 3) virtue (\neq) concentration (= 5) wisdom (= 6) liberation (= 7) knowledge & vision of liberation (\neq) teaches others (= 8)

throughout both versions the basic pattern is: 1^{st} being established oneself in some quality 2^{nd} establishing others in the same quality

$M\bar{A}$ 9

- 1) purification of virtue
- 2) purification of mind
- 3) purification of view
- 4) purification [from] the hindrance of doubt
- 5) purification by knowledge and vision of [what is] the path and [what is] not the path
- 6) purification by knowledge and vision of the way
- 7) purification by knowledge of the way to abandoning

MN 24:

- 1) purification of virtue, *sīlavisuddhi*,
- 2) purification of mind, cittavisuddhi,
- 3) purification of view, ditthivisuddhi
- 4) purification by overcoming doubt, kankhāvitaraṇavisuddhi,
- 5) purification by knowledge and vision of [what is] the path and [what is] not the path, *maggāmaggañāṇadassanavisuddhi*,
- 6) purification by knowledge and vision of the way, *paṭipadāñā-nadassanavisuddhi*,
- 7) purification by knowledge and vision, *ñāṇadassanavisuddhi*.

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7 stages of purification recurs as part of a set of 9 stages of purification, additionally qualified as being "factor of exertion for purity", in the *Dasuttara-sutta*, D III 288:

- 1) purification of virtue, *sīlavisuddhi*,
- 2) purification of mind, cittavisuddhi,
- 3) purification of view, ditthivisuddhi
- 4) purification by overcoming doubt, kankhāvitaraṇavisuddhi,
- 5) purification by knowledge and vision of [what is] the path and [what is] not the path, *maggāmaggañāṇadassanavisuddhi*,
- 6) purification by knowledge and vision of the way, *paṭipadāñā- ṇadassanavisuddhi*,
- 7) purification by knowledge and vision, *ñāṇadassanavisuddhi*,
- 8) purification by wisdom, paññāvisuddhi,
- 9) purification by liberation, vimuttivisuddhi.

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Ratana-sutta (Sn 231, cf. also Mahāvastu 1: 291)
"at the time of the attainment of vision [of stream-entry]
three things become abandoned,
the view of individuality and doubt
and whatever [clinging to] rules and observances there may be."

Sāriputta's first question:

- 1) MĀ: "Venerable friend, are you practicing the holy life under the recluse Gotama?"
- 2) Sanskrit fragment (SHT VI 1329B1): (vi)[ś]uddhyartham [śra]maṇe.